Recent FGBC Certifications

City of Coconut Creek
Coconut Creek achieved 53 percent of its 355 applicable points, earning it a gold-level designation under the FGBC Green Local Government certification program, the highest score of all FGBC certified local governments within Broward County and the fifth highest scoring local government in the state. [More]

Markham Regional Water Treatment Plant
has been awarded the Florida Green Commercial Building designation by the Florida Green Building Coalition (FGBC) after it successfully met the sustainability standards established in the FGBC Florida Green Commercial Building Certification program. The building was designed to operate 35 percent more efficiently than required by Florida code and reduced its water budget by 40 percent. [More]

Appraisal Institute Releases New Commercial Green Addendum

The Appraisal Institute's newly released Commercial Green and Energy Efficient Addendum offers a communication tool that lenders can use as part of the scope of work. The addendum also assists investors in communicating the construction features of the property that impact income. Appraisers, builders, energy raters, green certifiers, architects, and investors should use the addendum even if a property is not certified green by a formal certifying organization but does possess green features. The water and energy efficient features are key to a higher net income and appraisers should take care to identify these features. [More] [Download Form]

New Energy Star Window Specs In Effect

Residential windows are advancing along with the rest of the building envelope, and in keeping with the industry's ongoing innovation the ENERGY STAR Windows program has updated its Eligibility Criteria. The revised specs for each Energy Star program are listed below.
For DOE Zero Energy Ready Homes, here are the key takeaways:

- **DOE Zero Energy Ready Home** - which requires ENERGY STAR windows or an equivalent - has established an 8-month phase in, recognizing the time frame involved to move from design to project permitting. So, the new Version 6.0 ENERGY STAR Window specs will be in effect for DOE Zero Energy Ready Home projects permitted after 8/31/2015; (except for projects in IECC Climate Zone 5 and higher where the V6.0 Window specs will be required for projects permitted after 8/31/2016).

- Under the new specs, U-values for ENERGY STAR windows are lower in all climate zones, but stay within the double-pane technology category (see chart above).

- Keep in mind that DOE Zero Energy Ready Home allows alternatives like area-weighted averaging for U and SHGC and a passive solar design exemption.

Check out the latest Net Zero-Ready Home Requirements.

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**Green Buildings Get Lower Interest Rates**

The US Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, will for the first time provide lower interest rate loans to green multi-residential buildings.

Fannie Mae will grant a 10 basis point reduction in the interest rate of a multifamily refinance, acquisition or supplemental mortgage loan for buildings with a green building certification. For example, if the market interest rate is 4 percent on the multifamily loan, the new rate is 3.9 percent with this pricing break. On a $10 million dollar loan amortizing over 30 years, the owner would save $95,000 in interest payments over a 10-year term.

In addition to having a smaller carbon footprint, green buildings cost 19 percent less to maintain than their conventional counterparts, according to a US General Services Administration study. [More]
EPA Releases Stormwater Management Tool

The EPA has launched the Climate Adjustment Tool for its Stormwater Management Model, an online stormwater simulation model. It helps engineers and planners accurately represent any combination of traditional and green infrastructure practices within an area to determine their effectiveness in managing stormwater and combined sewer overflows in their community.

The new tool will enable users to add climate projections based on the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change's climate change scenarios to existing simulations to determine the quality of water traveling through traditional infrastructure: a system of gutters, storm drains, pipes, channels, collection tanks and storage devices. The tool also has the ability to model the performance of green infrastructure practices, including permeable pavement, rain gardens and green roofs. [More] [US Climate Resilience Toolkit]

EPA also offers the Stormwater Calculator, a tool that can be used by homeowners, landscapers, and developers to estimate the amount of rainwater and frequency of runoff on a specific site based on local soil conditions, land cover, historic rainfall records, and climate change scenarios. [More]

New Floodplain Rules Would Limit Construction

On Jan. 30, President Obama signed Executive Order (EO) 13690, part of the Administration's plans to improve climate resiliency as directed by the President's Climate Action Plan.

The Executive Order creates a new Federal Flood Risk Management Standard (FFRMS) for all federally approved or funded projects and significantly expands the areas to be protected. And while the Administration has stated that the EO is targeted to federally financed projects, there is concern that the scope could be much broader:

A strict reading implies it could include homes built under FHA and HUD housing programs and the National Flood Insurance Program. And conceivably it could affect permitting under the Clean Water Act - if all waters in floodplains are subject to federal jurisdiction, if the new Waters of the United States definitions are finalized as proposed - and the Endangered Species Act, because the floodplain is identified as critical habitat for many listed species.

Federal agencies will have three options for

Certification News

Commercial
Registered: 32
Certified: 12

High Rise
Registered: 35
Certified: 7

Homes
Registered: 10,091
Certified: 9,550

Single-Family: 7,352
Multi-Family: 2,198

Land Developments
Registered: 62
Certified: 13

Local Government
Registered: 74
Certified: 56

Recent Certifications

Sarasota County
Location: Sarasota
Type: Local Government
Certified: 2-17-15
Score: 59
Level: Gold

Markham Regional Water Plant
Location: Sanford
Type: Commercial
Certified: 2/5/15
Score: 50
Level: N/A

Recent Registrations:

Dwell at Lake Nona
Location: Orlando
Type: High-Rise
Size: 90,890 s.f.

Casa Palma
Location: Coconut Creek
Type: Multi-Family
establishing the new FFRMS elevation and flood hazard area:

- Climate-informed Science Approach. Using the best-available data and methods to forecast changes from flooding
- Freeboard Value Approach - adding an additional 2 or 3 feet to the base flood elevation of the 100-year flood
- 500-year Elevation Approach. The area subject to flooding by the 0.2%-annual-chance flood

ADA and FHA Accessibility; What You Need to Know

There are seven basic requirements for accessibility when constructing an apartment or condominium building of four or more units. In addition, if that building has an elevator, each unit in the building must also comply. If there's no elevator, only the ground-floor units must comply.

- An accessible building entrance on an accessible route. Not every door needs to be accessible by wheelchair, but at least one public entrance must be easily accessed.
- Accessible common and public use areas.
- Doors that are easily operable by a person sitting in a wheelchair.
- An accessible route into and through the dwelling unit: in other words, hallways wide enough to accommodate a wheelchair.
- Light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats and other environmental controls that can be operated from a wheelchair.
- Reinforced bathroom walls so that grab bars can be installed later, if necessary.
- Bathrooms and kitchens that allow a wheelchair user to be able to move around and access the fixtures.

It's important to understand that the FHA may not apply to re-purposed buildings: a turn-of-the-century schoolhouse converted into loft apartments, for example. The FHA's accessibility requirements only apply to buildings designed and constructed for "first occupancy" after March 31, 1991.

While the FHA includes specific requirements for multifamily housing, single-family homes don't need to be accessible, unless, for instance, a model home is also used as a sales office. In that circumstance, the portion of the model home used for the sales office becomes a "public accommodation" and is subject to the ADA.

Wind Power Coming to the Sunshine State?

Size: 350 Units, 14 Bldgs

FGBG Committee Meetings

**Board of Directors**
2nd Wednesday
Monthly
3 p.m.

**Commercial**
1st Tuesday
Monthly
2 p.m.

**Education**
1st Thursday
Monthly
3 p.m.

**High-Rise**
3rd Tuesday
Monthly
11 a.m.

**Homes & Affordable Housing**
(Joint Meeting)
2nd Tuesday
Monthly
2 p.m.

**Land Development**
4th Wednesday
Bi-monthly
2 p.m.

**Local Government**
3rd Wednesday
Monthly
10:30 a.m.

**Membership and Programs & Promotions**
(Joint Meeting)
3rd Thursday
Monthly
2 p.m.

Funding Opportunities

- St. Johns River WMD Water Programs
- South Florida WMD Water Programs
- Southwest Florida WMD Water Programs
- FHFC Multifamily Energy Retrofit Program (MERP)

Job Opportunities

- APA Florida Job Board
- Green Dream Jobs
- Florida Facility Managers Assn Job Board
Gulf Power of Pensacola is hoping to harness the power of wind for Florida by importing it from Oklahoma. The utility company is seeking permission from the Florida Public Service Commission to purchase the wind energy produced on a turbine farm in the Sooner State and brought directly to the Sunshine State.

Supplying power in this manner has never been done before in Florida, and environmental activists are applauding the move. Sierra Club spokesperson Kelly Martin says the timing is right.

"It's cost-effective. The cost of clean energy has plummeted to the point where it is cheaper to bring in wind from out of state to benefit Florida consumers," she says.

The electricity will be brought in via transmission lines from the Kingfisher Wind Farm in Piedmont, Oklahoma. If approved by state energy regulators at the Public Service Commission, it could be used to power more than 50,000 homes in northwest Florida. The agreement would also make Gulf Power the leading utility purchaser of wind energy in the state. [More]

Amendment 1 Funding Requests Pour In for Water Projects

Water-related projects totaling nearly $1.2 billion have been proposed as state lawmakers decide how to carve up a pot of money that voters want for land and water conservation and management.

The House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee has posted on its webpage a summary list of 475 requested water projects from across the state that would far surpass anticipated first-year funding from a constitutional amendment voters approved in November.

The proposals range from $96.8 million for phase two of the Yankee Lake Surface Water Plant in Seminole County to $15,000 for the replacement of sewage flowmeters in Miami-Dade County.

Other requested big-ticket items include $65 million for reclaimed water systems in Broward County; $53 million for a water-management project along the Halifax River and Nova Canal basins in Volusia County; $50 million for wastewater improvements in the Florida Keys; $20 million for regional stormwater work in Wakulla County; and $15 million for the East Milton Water Reclamation and Effluent Disposal Facility in Santa Rosa County. [More]
The Energy Department has announced $13 million in funding to help communities across the country reduce market and policy barriers to solar deployment and recognize communities for taking the initiative to go solar. The Solar Powering America by Recognizing Communities (SPARC) funding opportunity will establish a national recognition and technical assistance program for local governments-driving greater solar deployment and making it possible for even more American homes and businesses to access affordable and renewable solar energy to meet their electricity needs. Funding recipients will establish and administer a national recognition program and also provide technical assistance and share best practices with communities seeking national recognition for cutting red tape and improving local solar market conditions. The submission deadline for concept papers is March 5. [More]

**Shared Solar Programs Finding Success**

Rather than limiting solar energy options to homeowners with ample roof space, shared solar programs enable renters, neighbors, and even small businesses, local nonprofits, and other entities to benefit from the solar energy generated by panels in one array.

A major draw of shared solar is its potential for flexibility. For example, programs can be designed to encourage participation by low-income urban customers, to stabilize energy bills for mom-and-pop shops on Main Street, and to create partnerships between rural communities with available land and nearby cities with high electricity demand. Strategically-located shared solar arrays can help cities boost local economic development and help utilities by providing electric grid benefits, such as responding to and meeting increased demand. [Case Studies]